

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA
COLUMBIA DIVISION

Lisa Perry,

Plaintiff,

v.

South Carolina Department of Social Services;
Steven B. Suchomski; Linda M. English;
Shirley A. Starling; Wendy S. John; Wendy
Commander; Breonna Sam; Raquel Hudgies;
Jennifer Stuckey; Jennifer Riser; Onesha
Washington; Nelson Rosario; and Debra A.
Matthews,

Defendants.

C/A No. 3:18-1228-JFA

ORDER

The *pro se* Plaintiff, Lisa Perry (“Plaintiff”), filed this action, alleging violations of her constitutional rights by the above-captioned Defendants. (ECF No. 1). Plaintiff filed this action *in forma pauperis* under 28 U.S.C. § 1915.¹ In accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(e) (D.S.C.), the case was referred to a Magistrate Judge for Review.

The Magistrate Judge assigned to this action² prepared a thorough Report and Recommendation (“Report”) and opines that Plaintiff’s Complaint should be dismissed without

¹ Because the Complaint was filed pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915, this Court is charged with screening Plaintiff’s lawsuit to identify cognizable claims or to dismiss the Complaint if, after being liberally construed, it is frivolous, malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief. 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2)(B).

² The Magistrate Judge’s review is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(B) and Local Civil Rule 73.02(B)(2)(e) (D.S.C.). The Magistrate Judge makes only a recommendation to this Court. The recommendation has no presumptive weight, and the responsibility to make a final determination remains with the Court. *Mathews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261 (1976). The Court is charged with making a de novo determination of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which specific objection is made, and the Court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendation of the Magistrate Judge, or recommit the matter to the Magistrate Judge with instructions. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

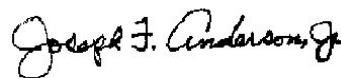
prejudice. (ECF No. 9 p. 2). The Report sets forth, in detail, the relevant facts and standards of law on this matter, and this Court incorporates those facts and standards without a recitation. Plaintiff was advised of her right to object to the Report, which was entered on the docket on May 15, 2018. (ECF No. 9). The Magistrate Judge required Plaintiff to file objections to the Report by May 29, 2018. (ECF No. 9). However, that time has passed, and Plaintiff failed to file objections to the Report.

A district court is only required to conduct a *de novo* review of the specific portions of the Magistrate Judge's Report to which an objection is made. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); *Carniewski v. W. Va. Bd. of Prob. & Parole*, 974 F.2d 1330 (4th Cir. 1992). In the absence of specific objections to portions of the Magistrate's Report, this Court is not required to give an explanation for adopting the Magistrate's recommendations. *See Camby v. Davis*, 718 F.2d 198, 199 (4th Cir. 1983).

After carefully reviewing the applicable laws, the record in this case, as well as the Magistrate's Report, this Court finds the Magistrate's recommendation fairly and accurately summarizes the facts and applies the correct principles of law. Accordingly, the Court adopts the Magistrate's recommendation (ECF No. 9). Thus, the Plaintiff's Complaint (ECF No. 1) is hereby dismissed without prejudice and without issuance and service of process.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

June 4, 2018
Columbia, South Carolina



Joseph F. Anderson, Jr.
United States District Judge